

# <u>Year 6 Homework Letter</u> 24-03-23



# <u>English</u>

In Grammar, this week we have been revising verb tenses. There are three basic tenses: present, past, and future. Each has a perfect form, indicating a completed action; each has a progressive form, indicating an ongoing action; and each has a perfect progressive form, indicating the ongoing action will be completed at some definite time.

## R.E

As part of our R.T learning this week, Rev. Len visited Year 6 to explain the 'Last Supper', when Jesus shared the Passover meal with his disciples. We ate bread and we drank Ribena, celebrating our togetherness. Later, Rev Len explained the liturgy during the Eucharist in church.





#### Easter Gardens

Once again, St Peter and St Paul's Church are inviting the children to create an Easter Garden at home. Similar to the Nativity scene at Christmas, an Easter Garden is the recreation of Christ's tomb. An Easter garden has three essential features: a mound with at least one cross to represent Calvary; a stone or stone structure to suggest the empty tomb; and lots of live greenery and flowers. Easter Gardens should be brought into school on Monday 27th and Tuesday 28th March so the Faith Team can judge them on Wednesday 29th March. The winning entry will be announced in Collective Worship on Thursday 30th March. We welcome individual entries or joint entries with siblings or friends! The gardens will be taken over to St Peter and St Paul's Church on Thursday 30th March where they will be on display over the Easter period. If you would like to find out more about how to make an Easter Garden, RE Quest have made a short presentation you could watch:

https://request.org.uk/resource/restart/2017/02/23/make-an-easter-garden/

Thank you for all your support. Have a nice weekend!

Regards, Mrs Cox and Mr Peluso

#### Maths

In Maths this week we have been describing 2-D and 3-D shapes by their properties, such as: faces, edges and vertices.

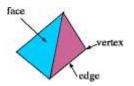
The angles of a 2D shape are sometimes referred to as 'vertices' (singular: vertex).

For example, this 2D shape has four sides and four angles (vertices):



The faces are the flat parts of the shape.
The edges are the lines where two faces meet.
The vertices are the points where two or more edges meet.

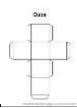
For example, this 3D shape has 6 faces, 12 edges and 8 vertices:



Some 3D **shapes**, like cubes and pyramids, can be opened out and unfolded into a flat **shape**. The unfolded **shape** is called the **net** of the **solid**. We have made some shapes using their nets.







## Dates for your diary:

27.3.23 - 29.3.23: Parents and Carers Evenings.

31.3.23: Easter Service Christ Church @ 9.30am

21.4.23: Year 6 Cake Sale

24.4.23: St. George's day 5.5.23: PTFA Bags 2 School

8.5.23: Bank holiday for King's Coronation -School

closed.

9.5.23: KS2 SATS - English grammar, punctuation and spelling (GPS) papers 1 (questions)

and 2 (spelling)

10.5.23: KS2 SATS - English Reading Paper

Wednesday

11.5.23: KS2 SATS - Mathematics Paper 1

(arithmetic) and 2 (reasoning)

12.5.23: KS2 SATS - Mathematics Paper 3

(reasoning)

